Queensland Health

Personal Health Record





This is the Personal Health Record of

Child's surname		Given name(s)		
Home address				
Change of address				
Date of birth / / M	□ F □ I	Birth weight		
Are you of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin?	Yes	□ No		
Aboriginal Yes Torres Strait Islander	Yes			
Both Aborginal and Torres Strait Islander	Yes	No		
Main language spoken at home		Interpreter needed?	Yes	☐ No
Medicare number		Number of siblings		
Parent/Caregiver 1		Personal phone		
Work phone		Email		
Parent/Caregiver 2		Personal phone		
Work phone		Email		
Child Health Service Identification Number				
		Place UR sticker her	e	1



Emergency contacts

Ambulance, Police or Fire, call 000

Hospital: ______ Poisons Information Centre (24 hours): **13 11 26**

General contacts

General practitioner	CI	nild health nurse
Paediatrician	D-	entist
13 HEALTH (Child Health Nurse - available from 6.30 am – 11pm)	13 43 25 84	www.health.qld.gov.au/13health
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Child Health Resources		www.childrens.health.qld.gov.au/our-work/aboriginal-and-torres- strait-islander-childrens-health
Aboriginal & Torres Strait Islander Crisis Support	13YARN (13 92 76)	www.13yarn.org.au
Alcohol and Drug Information Service (ADIS)	1800 177 833	www.adis.health.qld.gov.au
Australian Breastfeeding Association Helpline	1800 686 268	www.breastfeeding.asn.au
Australian Immunisation Register	1800 653 809	www.servicesaustralia.gov.au/australian-immunisation-register
Australian Multiple Birth Association - AMBA	1300 886 499	www.amba.org.au
Breastfeeding Information (Queensland Health)		www.health.qld.gov.au/breastfeeding
Beyond Blue Parenting and mental health	1300 224 636	www.beyondblue.org.au/get-support/parenting
Children's Health Queensland		www.childrens.health.qld.gov.au
Child Safety After Hours Service Centre	1800 177 135	· · ·
Connecting2u (free SMS service)		www.childrens.health.qld.gov.au/our-work/connecting2u
DV Connect (domestic violence helpline)	Women: 1800 811 811 (24/7) Men: 1800 600 636 (9 am- mi	www.dvconnect.org
Disability Information and Support	13 QGOV (13 74 68)	www.qld.gov.au/disability
Ellen Barron Family Centre (parenting support service)	1300 408 213	www.childrens.health.qld.gov.au/ellen-barron-family-centre
ForWhen: Perinatal Depression & Anxiety Helpline	1300 242 322	
Healthdirect	1800 022 222	www.healthdirect.gov.au
Kidsafe	(07) 3854 1829	www.kidsafeqld.com.au
Lifeline	13 11 14 or SMS 0477 131 11	4 www.lifeline.org.au
PANDA (Perinatal Anxiety & Depression Australia)	1300 726 306 (Mon - Sat)	www.panda.org.au
Parentline (Phone Counselling Service)	1300 301 300	www.parentline.com.au
Raising Children Network		www.raisingchildren.net.au
Quitline	13 78 48	www.quithq.initiatives.qld.gov.au
Queensland Centre for Perinatal and Infant Mental Health	(07) 3266 0300	www.childrens.health.qld.gov.au/our-work/queensland-centre-for-
	-	perinatal-and-infant-mental-health www.sms4dads.com.au
SMS4dads		www.sms4dads.com.au/deadly-dads
True (Relationships and Reproductive Health)		www.true.org.au



Foreword

This Personal Health Record, developed by Children's Health Queensland with statewide consultation, meets the Queensland Universal Child Health Framework. Queensland Child and Youth Clinical Network -Child Health Subnetwork (2014).

Children's Health Queensland is a specialist statewide hospital and health service delivering world-class, person-centred paediatric care for children and young people across Queensland and northern New South Wales. A recognised leader in paediatric healthcare, teaching and research, Children's Health Queensland delivers tertiary-level care in the Queensland Children's Hospital, alongside an integrated network of community-based child and youth health, and mental health services across Queensland, including specialist outreach and telehealth services. For more information about our services, visit www.childrens.health.qld.gov.au or 'Find us on Facebook' via www.facebook.com/childrenshealthqld

As standard ages for health checks are not recommended in these guidelines, the ages indicated for health checks in this booklet are given as a guide only.

Please keep in mind this booklet is designed as a general record to be used for children born on or around their due date. If your child has special needs, or you have concerns about your child's development, please discuss them with your health professional.

Acknowledgments

Queensland Health is grateful for the financial contribution of The Lott by Golden Casket to the production of this booklet.

We also wish to thank all the parents, health professionals and professional and consumer organisations who assisted with the development of this Personal Health Record.







Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Children



Queensland Health is committed to closing the health gap in health outcomes for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples. If your baby is Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander, please place below stickers on the front red cover of this book. They inform health care providers that your baby is eligible for additional health supports.





- While your baby may have passed their newborn hearing screen, a pass at birth is not a pass for life as hearing can change.
 It's important to have your child's ears regularly checked and raise any concerns about your baby's hearing at the health centre.
- Middle ear infections are common in all children and can impact on your child's hearing, learning, behaviour and
 development. Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children have a high rate of middle ear infections, ask the health centre to
 check your child's ears, let them know if you have any concerns.
- To prevent identified diseases and help close the health gap, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children are eligible for additional immunisations. It is recommended to have yearly health checks for your child.
- For further support, contact your local Aboriginal community-controlled health organisation, Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander Health Practitioner or Health Worker, health centre or hospital.
- For further information on Children's Health Queensland's Statewide Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Ear Health Program www.childrens.health.qld.gov.au/our-work/deadly-ears



Register your Baby now!

It is really important to register your newborn's birth.

Birth registration is compulsory and it is free, you must register your baby within 60 days.

If your baby's sex characteristics are different to typical male or female traits—such as some intersex variations or differences of sex development—you have 180 days to register their birth.

This gives you time to talk with your baby's doctor(s), and intersex community support—before making an informed choice about the sex to record on their birth certificate.

You may need your child's birth certificate for proof of age and place of birth and for:

- access to healthcare and other government services
- entry to childcare, kindy or school
- an Australian passport.

After the birth of your baby the hospital or midwife will give you birth registration forms and information on how to register the birth online.

www.bdm.qld.gov.au/registration/birth/birth.m

You may choose to order and pay for a birth certificate at the same time. Once you have registered the birth you can also apply for the birth certificate. A fee for the birth certificate applies.

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander families: please scan QR code for more information on the Our Kids Count and Deadly Choices Birth Certificate Initiative.



Mother Lore design from the Department of Justice and Attorney General

Queensland Registry of Births Deaths and Marriages

Post: PO Box 15188, CITY EAST QLD 4002

Phone: 13 74 68

Using the Personal Health Record

Congratulations on the birth of your baby.

This is an important book for you to keep. It allows you to record details of your child's health, growth, development and vaccination history. You may use this vaccination history for child care or school records.

Be sure to present this record when you take your child to:

- immunisation sessions
- your doctor or paediatrician
- child health nurses contact 13HEALTH for your local Community Child Health service
- drop in centres/clinics
- dental professionals
- · Aboriginal community-controlled health organisations
- other health care providers
- hospitals
- mental health services
- enrol in child care, kindergarten or school.

To get the most value out of this record, present it to health care providers and **ask them to record results and vaccinations in relevant sections**.

Parents should also make records in this book – look for the Ø for pages you should fill in. Prior to child health checks complete the relevant 'Questions for parents' page, or the PEDS-R® questionnaire. This way you will be able to participate in your child's health assessment.

Child Health Information – your guide to the first 12 months.

Inserted in the cover of this Personal Health Record is a booklet, *Child Health Information – your guide to the first 12 months*. This booklet contains useful information including development, breastfeeding, introducing solids, safe sleeping, injury prevention and oral health. Refer to this booklet often to learn what to expect and to answer some questions you might have. You might also like to discuss the topics further with your health professional at your baby's health checks.

Do you need help reading English?

If you do not read English, please phone the Translating and Interpreting Service (TIS National) on 131 450 or scan the QR code.

Please take this book with you when you attend any health service, doctor or hospital.





如果您看不懂英语,请打电话至笔译及口译服务处 (TIS National),号码 131 450。

在前往任何保健机构、医生诊所或医院时,请携带这本手册。(Simplified Chinese)

Nếu không đọc được tiếng Anh, vui lòng gọi cho Dịch vụ Thông phiên dịch (TIS National) theo số 131 450. Vui lòng mang theo tập sách này khi đến bất kỳ dịch vụ y tế, bác sĩ hoặc bệnh viện nào. (Vietnamese)

Haddii aadan akhrin Ingiriisiga, fadlan wac Adeegga Fasiraada iyo Turjumaada (Translating and Interpreting Service - TIS National) 131 450. Fadlan qaado buugan markaad u tagayso adeeg caafimaad, dhakhtar, ama isbitaal. (Somali)

إذا كنت لا تجيد قراءة اللغة الإنجليزية، فيرجى الاتصال بخدمة الترجمة التحريرية والشفهية (TIS National) على الرقم 131450. يرجى أخذ هذا الكتاب معك عندما تذهب إلى أي خدمة صحية أو طبيب أو مستشفى. (Arabic)

اگر نمی توانید انگلیسی بخوانید، لطفاً به خدمات ترجمانی شفاهی و تحریری (TIS National) به نمره 131 450 تلیفون کنید. هر باری که به کدام خدمات صحی، داکتر، یا شفاخانه می روید، لطفاً این کتاب را با خود تان ببرید. (Dari)

영어를 읽지 못하시는 경우, 131 450 번으로 전국 통번역 서비스 (TIS)에 전화하십시오. 모든 의료 서비스와 의사 진료 예약 및 병원 방문 시 이 책자를 지참하시기 바랍니다. (Korean)

Ikiwa husomi Kiingereza, tafadhali pigia simu Huduma ya Utafsiri na Ukalimani (TIS National) kwa nambari 131 450. Tafadhali chukua kitabu hiki unapohudhuria huduma yoyote ya afya, daktari, au hospitali. (Swahili)

اگه انگلیسی خوانده نمی تنید، لطف کیده به خدمات ترجمانی شفاهی و کتبی (TIS National) د شماره 450 (زنگ دیید. لطفاً هر دفه که دیگو خدمات صحی، پیش داکتر، یا شفاخانه مورید ای کتاب ره قد خود خو بوبرید. (Hazaragi)

အကယ်၍ သင် အင့်ဂလိပ်လို မဖတ်တတ်ပါက ကျနေမူးပု၍ ဘာသာပန်နှင့် စကားပန် ဝန်ဆဓာင်မှ (TIS National) 131 450 ကို ဖုန်းဆက်ပါ။

သင် ကျန်းမာရးေဝန်ဆဓာင်မှ တစ်စုံတစ်ရာ၊ ဆရာဝန်၊ သိုမဟုတ် ဆင်းရုံသို့ သွားသည့်အခါ ကျပေးဇူးပု၍ ဤစာအုပ်ကို သင်နှင့်အတူ ယူဆဓာင်သွားပါ။ (Burmese)

اگر قادر به خواندن انگلیسی نیستید، لطفاً با خدمات ترجمه کتبی و شفاهی (TIS National) به شماره 131450 تماس بگیرید. لطفاً به هنگام مراجعه به کلیه خدمات بهداشتی و درمانی، دکتر یا بیمارستان، این کتاب را به همراه داشته باشید. (Farsi)

Ger hûn Îngilîzî nexwendin, ji kerema xwe telefon bikin Servîsa Werger û Wergerandinê (TIS National) li 131 450. Ji kerema xwe vê pirtûkê bi xwe re bînin dema ku hûn diçin xizmeta tenduristiyê, doktor, an nexweşxaneyê. (Kurdish Kurmanji)

Niba udashobora gusoma icongereza, usabwa guhamagara serivisi ishinzwe Guhindura no Gusobanura Indimi (TIS National) kuri 131 450. Usabwa kuzanana iki gitabo mugihe ugiye kuri serivisi z'ijanyo no ubuzima, umuganga, canke ibitaro. (Kirundi)

Si no puede leer en inglés, por favor llame al Servicio de Traducción e Interpretación (TIS National) al 131 450. Por favor lleve este libro con usted cuando acuda a cualquier servicio de salud, al médico o al hospital. (Spanish)

英語の読解ができない方は、131 450 の翻訳通訳サービス(TIS National)までお電話ください。 医療サービス、医師、病院をご利用の際は、この本を持参してください。 (Japanese)

General practitioner/doctor role

Your family doctor or general practitioner (GP) plays an important role in your family's health care. Your doctor can provide healthcare and support for you and your children. Your doctor is usually the first health professional you see if you have any concerns about your child's health. Services include:

- immunisations
- health and development checks
- care for minor injuries and illnesses
- working with child health nurses and specialists to manage your child's care.

Child health nurse role

Child health nurses are registered nurses with specialist qualifications and experience in child and family health nursing. Child health nurses may also hold qualifications in midwifery or paediatrics or be International Board Certified Lactation Consultants (IBCLC). Child health nurses play an important role in in supporting you and your family following the birth of your baby up until your child turns 5. Some of the services a child health nurse provides include:

- immunisations
- health and development checks.

They also provide health education and support on a range of early childhood concerns including:

- safe sleeping and settling
- baby's feeding
- nutrition and play
- oral health
- · relationship with your baby and family health.

Parents' Evaluation of Developmental Status – Revised (PEDS-R®)

As a parent you know your child better than anyone else does. You may notice things about your child that concern or worry you – even things that no one else has noticed. It is important that you talk to your doctor or child health nurse about this. Talking with a doctor or child health nurse about your concerns can help everyone understand your child better. It may also help pick up any concerns with your child early. PEDS-R® is a set of 12 tested and reliable questions that your doctor or child health nurse will talk to you about at the following health checks:

•	6 months	(page 31)
•	12 months	(page 35)
•	18 months	(page 39)
•	$2\frac{1}{2} - 3\frac{1}{2}$ years	(page 43)
•	4-5 years	(page 47).

Please take the time to answer these questions before you visit your child health nurse or doctor for your child's health checks.

Connecting2u

Connecting 2u is a free text messaging service for new Queensland parents and carers with timely information, tips and health check reminders to help keep your child safe, happy and healthy. Scan the below QR code to sign up for regular text messages up until your baby turns 5 on topics including, breastfeeding, bonding with baby, settling and safe sleeping, self-care, brain development, health checks and immunisation reminders. Tailored messaging is also available for parents or carers who identify as Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander.



Promoting your child's health

Screening tests are used to monitor your child's health and development and to identify problems early. It is important to complete the 'Questions for parents', including the PEDS-R® questions, before each health check. If you circle any shaded answers, it is important to discuss these issues with your health care provider.

Tests which will be performed

NBS

Newborn Bloodspot screening (NBS) is a free population health screening program for all newborn babies. This program screens for a number of conditions that can cause serious illness and/or affect a child's development. Screening early in life means that diagnosis and treatment can begin as soon as possible which leads to better health outcomes for your baby. A blood sample is taken from your baby's heel and applied to a special screening card. To ensure the best health outcomes, the test is best performed when your baby is between 48 and 72 hours of age (2-3 days). Your baby may need to have more than one screening card collected. Your health provider will contact you if repeat screening is needed.

If the test is not done in the hospital, it should be done before your baby is 5 days old.

Vision

Your health professional will check for any problems, including turned eyes and poor vision. The following schedule of eye tests is recommended:

Assessment	0-6mths	6 mths	12 mths	18 mths	2 years	3 years	4-5 years
Ocular history	~	~	~	~	~	V	~
External inspection of lids and eyes	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Red reflex testing	V	V	V	/	V	V	V
Pupil examination	V	V	V	~	V	V	V
Fixate and follow response	~	V	V	~			
Ocular alignment and motility assessment		~	~	~	~	~	~
Visual acuity					V	V	~

Your child will receive a FREE vision screen by a Registered Nurse during their prep year of schooling (Government Funded). It is important to identify a visual problem which could impact your childs ability to learn and play at school.

Hearing	Hearing screening is now offered to all newborn babies in Queensland. It is important to identify a hearing loss as soon after birth as possible so that your child is given the best chance for developing normal speech and language. If this screen is not done in hospital you should arrange an outpatient appointment to have it done as soon as possible.
Growth	Measuring your child's height, weight and head circumference assists in assessing your child's growth.
Development	Observations help to identify problems of speech, language, movement and social skills. For extra ideas on how you can encourage your child's development go to: www.slq.qld.gov.au/first5forever www.playmatters.org.au/about/queensland
Hips	Developmental dysplasia of the hips (previously called congenital dislocation of the hips) is a condition which can lead to problems with standing and walking and to painful degeneration of the hips with time. Examination and assessment of your baby's hips may enable early detection of problems.
Heart	Your doctor will check your baby for heart problems, including congenital heart disease. This is done at birth, again within the first week and at six weeks. If you go home from hospital early, please ensure you have your baby checked by your doctor within the first week and at six weeks. This examination should be repeated between two and a half and three and a half years of age.
Testes	Boys are assessed to check the testes have descended well down into the scrotum.

Significant health events/problems

This section is for your child's serious illnesses or conditions and should be completed by your doctor, nurse or other health care provider.

Parents may also like to record their child's other serious health problems here (e.g. allergies).

Date	Age	Problem	Management and/or health service attended

Noonatal ova

Neonatal examination

Have you looked at the Raising Children Network website?

www.raisingchildren.net.au

or scan the QR Code



Newborn health examination – birth details (use writing shield when filling out this page)

To be completed by a doctor or midwife in the presence of the parents. Place of hirth UR Doctor/midwife M | | F Date of birth Time of birth Birth weight _____ **Pregnancy information** Labour complications/medication that may affect the growth and development of the child Anti D given Yes No Mother's blood group Antenatal visit attendance Labour Spontaneous Induced Reason for induction _____ Labour complications _____ Type of delivery _____ Postpartum complications **Neonatal information** Gestation 5 minutes _____ Apgar: 1 minute Baby's blood group (if tested) Birth length Head circ Abnormalities at birth Problems requiring treatment _____ Vitamin K injection Yes No If no, give reason _____ Dose 2 / / Dose 3 / / OR Vitamin K oral Dose 1 Hepatitis B Immunoglobulin (if required) Yes TB advice to Chest Clinic (if required) Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) immunisation Nο 17

Neonatal notes

This page is for health professionals to record further notes from the neonatal examinations, if required.

Date	Age	Notes
		1

Neonatal examination	ı – prior to discharge	Childhanana
Date// Age	Weight	Child's name Medical Record Number
Head circ Feeding		Signature
Additional information/Risk fa	actors/concerns	Birthmarks
Antenatally diagnosed fetal abno	rmality	
Family history (including deafness	s)	
Feeding concerns		
Mother's medication/supplemen	ts	
Baby's medication/supplements		
SCN* or NICU** (duration and dia	gnosis)	
Other issues		
Examination		
<pre> ✓ = normal, X = abnormal (explain</pre>	ain in comments), 0 = not examined respiratory cardiac (auscultation and feather) abdomen hips neurological/reflexes	fontanelle/sutures
Newborn Bloodspot screening	Completed Not comp	oleted Repeat Due Date/ Declined
Pulse Oximetry Screen	`	Date/ Highest oxygen saturation%
Healthy Hearing screening	Completed Not comp	
Hepatitis B vaccination	Yes No	Date/ (record on page 83)
Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) in	mmunisation 🗌 Yes 🔲 No	Date/ (record on page 83)

Neonatal examination	n – prior to discharge	Child's name	
Date/ Age	Weight		per
Head circ Feeding			
Additional information/Risk fa	actors/concerns	-	
Antenatally diagnosed fetal abno	rmality		
Family history (including deafnes	s)		
Feeding concerns			
Mother's medication/supplemen	ts		
Baby's medication/supplements			
	agnosis)		
Other issues			
Examination			
spine genitalia anus meconium passed urine passed	ain in comments), 0 = not examined respiratory cardiac (auscultation and the abdomen hips neurological/reflexes	fon emorals) ear mo	uth/palate/tongue/frenulum
Comments Newborn Bloodspot screening	Completed Not completed Not completed		Repeat Due Date/
Pulse Oximetry Screen	☐ Done ☐ Not done		Highest oxygen saturation%
Healthy Hearing screening	Completed Not comp		(see page 23)
Hepatitis B vaccination	Yes No	Date/_	(record on page 83)
Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) ir	mmunisation Yes No	Date/_	/ (record on page 83)

			Child's name	
Treatment required			Medical Record Number	
Jaundice	Yes	☐ No		
Antibiotic	Yes	No		
Phototherapy	Yes	No		
Proven Infection	Yes	No		
Other				
Investigations				
Health promotion topics	s discussed with pare	ents or care give	er	
Using this Personal He	ealth Record including Pl	EDS-R® Vacc	inations	
Using the Child Health	n Information booklet	Pare	nt/carer pertussis vaccination	n (record on page 87)
Feeding		Smo	king (incl passive smoking), v	aping , alcohol, drug use
Safe infant sleeping in	nformation	Role	s of GP/child health nurse/cc	mmunity midwife/health worker
Injury prevention & re	ducing home hazards	Adju	stment to parenthood / pare	nts' mental health & wellbeing
Importance of regular	growth checks		& hearing health and need for ginal and Torres Strait Islander)	regular ear & hearing checks
Recommendations, follow-	ups, discharge medica	tion		
Repeat neonatal exa	mination by GP by day 7	7 after birth (discl	harged within 72 hours)	
Signature of doctor or mid	wife		Name	
-				21

			Child's name
Treatment required			Medical Record Number
Jaundice	Yes		No
Antibiotic	Yes		No
Phototherapy	Yes		No
Proven Infection	Yes		No
Other			
Investigations			
Health promotion topics disc	cussed with par	rents or ca	re giver
Using this Personal Health	Record including	PEDS-R®] Vaccinations
Using the Child Health Info	rmation booklet		Parent/carer pertussis vaccination (record on page 87)
Feeding			Smoking (incl passive smoking), vaping , alcohol, drug use
Safe infant sleeping inform	ation		Roles of GP/child health nurse/community midwife/health worker
Injury prevention & reducin			Adjustment to parenthood / parents' mental health & wellbeing
Importance of regular grow	th checks		Ear & hearing health and need for regular ear & hearing checks (Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander)
Recommendations, follow-ups,	discharge medica	ation	
Repeat neonatal examina	tion by GP by day	, 7 after hirt	h (discharged within 72 hours)
·			
Signature of doctor or midwife _			Name

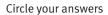
Healthy Hearing

If hearing screen was not undertaken, indicate reason: **Hearing screen results** Date / / Screen 2 Date / / Screen 1 Pass Pass Refer Right ear Right ear Pass Left ear Refer Left ear Pass Refer 2nd screen required Yes No Signature _____ Signature _____ AABR 3 - If result reversed in screens 1 and 2 only Screen 3 Date / / Diagnostic audiology testing referral Right ear Pass Refer Family support referral Pass Left ear Refer Signature _____ Follow-up audiology required before first birthday? Yes No Audiology follow up at List risk factors _____ Audiology/ENT Comments



Neonatal examination by day 7

If baby is discharged from hospital within 72 hours of birth thi	s examination should be conducted by a GP.
Date/ Age Weight	
Head Circ Feeding	Signature
Hearing screen (see page 23): Further assessment indicated	No further assessment indicated Screen not done
Newborn Bloodspot screening (see page 19 and 20) Complete	ed Repeat completed Date/_/ N/A Declined
Family history (including deafness)	
Mother's medication/supplements	
Baby's medication/supplements	
Feeding concerns	
Birth marks	
Examination	
= normal,	• not examined.
jaundice spin	e respiratory
fontanelle/sutures geni	talia cardiac (auscultation)
eyes / red reflexes / white pupils anus	cardiac (femoral pulses)
face/ears/mouth/palate/tongue/frenulum mec	onium within 24 hours hips
neck/limbs abdo	omen and umbilicus neurological/reflexes
Comments	
Recommendations, follow ups, medication	
Health promotion issues discussed with parents or care	giver
Roles of GP/child health nurse/community midwife/health	
Safety, e.g. injury prevention, safe sleeping, smoke-free	
Doctor's signature	Name 27



Questions for parents

Promptly after your baby's birth, answer the following.

Thempaly area, year 202, o 2 min, another the returning.			
Hearing profile			
Has your baby had a hearing screen (see P23)?	Yes	No	Unsure
If yes, was your baby referred for a further hearing test by an audiologist?	Yes	No	Unsure
Did any of baby's parents, brothers or sisters have permanent hearing loss before they were three years old?	Yes	No	Unsure
Did any of baby's parents, brothers or sisters have middle ear infections, and/or associated hearing loss?	Yes	No	Unsure
Did your baby have severe problems with breathing (asphyxia) or convulsions when he/she was born?	Yes	No	Unsure
Did you have any infections, such as rubella, toxoplasmosis, CMV, herpes or syphilis during pregnancy?	Yes	No	Unsure
Has your baby had meningitis?	Yes	No	Unsure
Does your baby have a cleft palate or other problem of his/her face or head?	Yes	No	Unsure
Has your baby been diagnosed with a syndrome, e.g. Down Syndrome?	Yes	No	Unsure
Was your baby treated for severe jaundice while in hospital?	Yes	No	Unsure
Vision profile			
Have any of your baby's close relatives had a turned eye or lazy eye?	Yes	No	Unsure
Did anyone in your family have problems with vision when they were children?	Yes	No	Unsure
Was your baby born before 37 weeks?	Yes	No	Unsure
Did you have any infections during pregnancy?	Yes	No	Unsure
Other			
Has your baby had a newborn bloodspot screen?	Yes	No	Unsure
Does your baby require a repeat newborn bloodspot screen?	Yes	No	Unsure
Did baby's mother have a diabetic condition during pregnancy? (If yes – discuss regular screening for mother)	Yes	No	Unsure
Do you have any questions about your baby's immunisation?	Yes	No	Unsure
Do you feel you and your partner are coping with the adjustment to parenthood?	Yes	No	Unsure
If you circled any of the shaded answers, it is important to discuss these with your health professional.			



Questions for parents

Circle your answers

•		,		
Before your child's first health check				
Did you answer any shaded questions on the previous page?	Yes	No	Unsure	
Do you have any concerns about your baby?	Yes	No	Unsure	
Is your baby startled by loud noises such as a loud clap?	Yes	No	Unsure	
Have you had any problems feeding your baby?	Yes	No	Unsure	
If you have circled any of the shaded answers, it is important to discuss these with your health professional.				
What feeding method are you using?				

Suggested topics	Suggested topics for discussion				
General	 Using this record Services offered by your GP/child health nurse health worker 	 Using the Child Health Information booklet The importance of the PEDS-R[®] questionnaire 			
Your baby	 Immunisation Safe infant sleeping information Passive smoking Tummy time Ear infections and hearing loss Vision and eye health Strategies for supine settling Sleeping, comforting 	 Talking, reading, singing and playing with your baby Parent-child relationships (bonding/attachment) Injury prevention (e.g. car capsules) & reducing home hazards Sun protection Feeding and growth No screen time e.g. TV 			
Parents' health	 Support groups Contraception Mother's breast care, breastfeeding, (attachment positioning, comfort, supply, expressing) 	 How you are coping with your baby Nutrition and rest Smoking (incl passive smoking), vaping, alcohol, drug use General Health (inlcuding mother's EPDS* or KMMS* 			
30	*EPDS = Edinburgh Postnatal Depression Scale **KMMS - Kimberley Mum's Mood Scale	Family relationships			

Health assessment Approx 0-4 weeks

Child's age	

To be completed by doctor or child health nurse.

Health Assessment	1	mal Limits No	Review	Refer	Comments
Weightkg					
Lengthcm					
Head circumference cm					
Head symmetry					
Mouth/palate/frenulum					
Vision/eye examination (refer to P.12)					
Newborn hearing screen completed	R L	R L			
Cardiovascular					
Femoral pulses					
Hips					
Genitalia					
Skin check					
Development					
Other					
Rural & Remote practitioners please refer to the Primary Clinical Ca Comments					
Name				Medical F	Practitioner Registered Nurse
Signature					Date/ /



Questions for parents

Circle your answers

Did you circle any shaded answers on P29?	Yes	No	Unsure
Has baby's mother had a postnatal check six weeks after the birth?	Yes	No	Unsure
Was your baby checked then?	Yes	No	Unsure
Have you had the opportunity to complete the Edinburgh Postnatal Depression Scale?	Yes	No	Unsure
Does your baby turn towards light?	Yes	No	Unsure
Does your baby watch your face and follow with his/her eyes?	Yes	No	Unsure
Does your baby smile at you?	Yes	No	Unsure
Do you think your baby can hear you?	Yes	No	Unsure
Is your baby startled by loud sounds?	Yes	No	Unsure
When lying face down during supervised play-time, does your baby lift his/her head?	Yes	No	Unsure
Has your baby been given their vaccinations due at 6 weeks?	Yes	No	Unsure
Have you had any problems feeding your baby?	Yes	No	Unsure

If you have circled any of the shaded answers, it is important to discuss these with your health professional.

What are you feeding your baby?

Suggested topics for discussion (also refer to the *Child Health Information* booklet)

- The importance of the PEDS-R® questionnaire Infant tooth decay
- Immunisation
- General Health (including mother's EPDS* or KMMS**)
- Injury prevention & reducing home hazards
- · Feeding including patterns and growth
- Continuing breastfeeding supply
- Introduction of solids at around 6 months

- Smoking (incl passive smoking), vaping, alcohol, drug use
- Tummy time
- Safe sleeping
- · Comforting, sleeping & settling
- Wrapping techniques
- What to expect from your baby
- Ear infections and hearing loss
- **KMMS Kimberley Mum's Mood Scale

- Sun protection
- Genital care and hygiene
- Parent-child relationships
- Screen time e.g. TV
- Bowel motion changes
- Contraception
- · Vision and eye health
- Family relationships
- Talking, reading, singing & playing with your baby

month

Health assessment Approx 2 months (6–8 weeks)

Child's ag	e

To be completed by doctor or child health nurse.

Health Assessment	Within Normal Limits Yes No		Review	Refer	Comments
Weightkg					
Lengthcm					
Head circumference cm					
Head symmetry					
Mouth/palate/frenulum					
Vision/eye examination (refer to P12)					
Ear and hearing health	R L	R L			
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander ear check (otoscopy)	R L	R L			
Cardiovascular					
Femoral pulses					
Hips					
Genitalia					
Skin check					
Development					
Child's vaccinations up to date: Yes No If no, comments:					
Rural & Remote practitioners please refer to the Primary Clinical Care Ma					
Name				Medical Pra	ctitioner Registered Nurse
Signature					Date/ /

Remember your baby's vaccinations can be given from 6 weeks See page 83 and speak to your vaccination provider.

Questions for parents

Circle your answers

Are you concerned about any aspect of your baby's health?	Yes	No	Unsure
Are your baby's vaccinations up-to-date?	Yes	No	Unsure
Have you had any problems feeding your baby?	Yes	No	Unsure
Did you circle any shaded answers to questions on P29?	Yes	No	Unsure
Hearing profile			
Does your baby look towards sounds?	Yes	No	Unsure
Does your baby settle to familiar sounds or voices?	Yes	No	Unsure
Vision profile			
Are you concerned about your baby's vision?	Yes	No	Unsure
Does your baby watch your face and follow with his/her eyes?	Yes	No	Unsure
Development and activity			
Does your baby chuckle, squeal, gurgle or laugh?	Yes	No	Unsure
When you hold your baby on your lap, can baby hold his/her head up?	Yes	No	Unsure

What are you feeding your baby?

Suggested topics for discussion (also refer to the *Child Health Information* booklet)

- The importance of the PEDS-R® questionnaire Feeding and growth
- Immunisation
- Parents' health and wellbeing
- Injury prevention & reducing home hazards
- Infant tooth decay
- · Daily routine
- Sun protection
- Continuing breastfeeding supply

- Introduction of solids, around 6 months
- Family relationships
- Parent-child relationships
- Ear infections and hearing loss
- Vision and eye health
- Smoking (incl passive smoking), vaping, alcohol, drug use
- Safe sleeping

- Wrapping techniques
- Comforting, sleeping & settling
- Tummy time
- Siblings
- Screen time e.g. TV
- · Both parents' adjustment to parenthood
- Talking, reading, singing & playing with your baby

4 month

Health assessment Approx 4 months

Child's age	

To be completed by doctor or child health nurse.

Health Assessment	Within Normal Limits		Poviow	Refer	Comments
Health Assessment	Yes	No	Review	Keler	Comments
Weightkg					
Lengthcm					
Head circumferencecm					
Head symmetry					
Hips					
Genitalia					
Skin check					
Mouth/palate/frenulum					
Vision/eye examination (refer to P12)					
Ear and hearing health	R L	R L			
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander ear check (otoscopy)	R L	R L			
Other					
Child's vaccinations up to date: Yes	No If no, comr	nents:			
Rural & Remote practitioners please refer to the Primary Clinical Care Mar Comments					
Name				Medical Prac	titioner Registered Nurse
Signature					Date//

Health check

Approx 6 months

PEDS-R®: At this visit, your health care provider will discuss the PEDS-R® questionnaire with you to better understand your child. The questions on the following page ask you about any concerns you have about your child and the way they are growing or developing. It is important that you share these with your health professional. They can assist you to complete it if necessary – just ask them.

Suggested topics for discussion (also refer to the *Child Health Information* booklet)

As well as the information in the PEDS-R® questionnaire, your health care provider will discuss issues that impact on your baby's health, safety, growth and development. Some topics which are relevant at this age are:

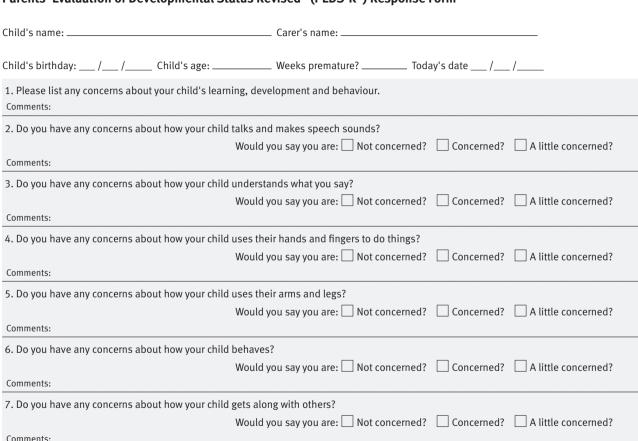
- The importance of the PEDS-R® questionnaire
- Immunisation
- Parents' health & wellbeing
- Feeding (introduction of solids; tracking growth)
- Continuing breastfeeding
- Oral health and infant tooth decay
- Siblings
- Active play activities
- Safe sleeping & tummy time
- Talking, reading, singing & playing with your baby

If you have any athented in your would like to discuss you'te them have

- Parent-child relationships (bonding/attachment)
- Sun protection
- Injury prevention (inc. water/pool & home safety)
- · Comforting, sleeping & settling
- Ear infections and hearing loss
- · Screen time e.g. TV
- Smoking (incl passive smoking), vaping, alcohol, drug use
- Parents and caregivers adjustment to parenthood
- Family relationships

ii you nave any other topics you would in	ke to discuss, write them here:	
•	<u> </u>	
•	•	

Parents' Evaluation of Developmental Status Revised® (PEDS-R®) Response Form



PEDS- R° response form continued over the page.

Parents' Evaluation of Developmental Status Revised® (PEDS-R®) Response Form (continued)

8. Do you have any concerns about how your child is learning to do things for themselves? Would you say you are: Not concerned? Concerned? A little concerned?
9. Do you have any concerns about how your child is learning preschool or school skills?
Would you say you are: ☐ Not concerned? ☐ Concerned? ☐ A little concerned?
Comments:
10. Do you have any concerns that your child is behind others or can't do what other children can?
Would you say you are: ☐ Not concerned? ☐ Concerned? ☐ A little concerned?
Comments:
11. Do you have any concerns about your child's health or how they see, hear, eat or sleep?
Would you say you are: Not concerned? Concerned? A little concerned?
Comments:
12. Please list any other concerns.
Comments:

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6 months

Health assessment

Approx 6 monthsTo be completed by doctor or child health nurse.

Child's age	
-------------	--

Health Assessment		Within Normal Limits		Review	Refer	Comments
neallii Assessilleii	ı	Yes	No	Review	Reiei	Comments
Weight	kg					
Length	cm					
Head circumference	cm					
Head symmetry						
Mouth/teeth/palate/frenu	lum					
Communication						
Ear and hearing health		R L	R L			
Aboriginal and Torres	Otoscopy	R L	R L			
Strait Islander ear check	Tympanometry	R L	R L			
Vision/eye examination (refer to P12)		R L	R L			
Corneal light reflex		R L	R L			
Hips						
Genitalia						
Skin check						
Development						
Child's vaccinations up to		No If no, comm				
Rural & Remote practitioners please refer Comments						
Comments						
Name					Medical Prac	titioner Registered Nurse
Signature						Date/ /

Your baby's 6 month vaccinations are due. See page 83 and speak to your vaccination provider.

Health check **Approx 12 months**

PEDS-R®: At this visit, your health care provider will discuss the PEDS-R® questionnaire with you to better understand your child. The questions on the following page ask you about any concerns you have about your child and the way they are growing or developing. It is important that you share these with your health professional. They can assist you to complete it if necessary - iust ask them.

Suggested topics for discussion (also refer to the Child Health Information booklet)

As well as the information in the PEDS-R® questionnaire, your health care provider will discuss issues that impact on your baby's health, safety, growth and development. Some topics which are relevant at this age are:

Continuing breastfeeding

Tovs and active play

electronic devices

• Family relationships

· Healthy family eating and drinking

• Tracking growth (weight and length)

Talking, reading, singing & playing with your baby

• Oral health, infant tooth decay and first dental assessment

• Smoking (incl passive smoking), vaping, alcohol, drug use

• Recommendations for screen times for children e.g. TV,

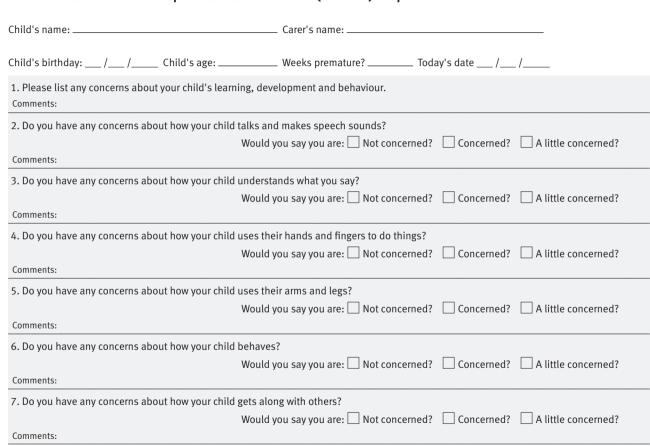
- The importance of the PEDS-R® questionnaire
- Immunisation
- Injury prevention (inc. water/pool & home safety)
- Sun protection
- Safe sleeping
- Comforting, sleeping & settling
- · Parenting, child's behaviour
- Parent-child relationships (bonding/attachment)
- General Health (inlouding mother's EPDS* or KMMS**)
- Ear infections and hearing loss
- Vision and eye health

If you have any other topics you would like to discuss, write them here:

*EPDS = Edinburgh Postnatal Depression Scale

40

Parents' Evaluation of Developmental Status Revised® (PEDS-R®) Response Form



PEDS-R® response form continued over the page.

Parents' Evaluation of Developmental Status Revised® (PEDS-R®) Response Form (continued)

8. Do you have any concerns about how your child is learning to do things for themselves? Would you say you are: Not concerned? Concerned? A little concerned?
0. De van hans ann an
9. Do you have any concerns about how your child is learning preschool or school skills?
Would you say you are: Not concerned? Concerned? A little concerned?
Comments:
10. Do you have any concerns that your child is behind others or can't do what other children can?
Would you say you are: ☐ Not concerned? ☐ Concerned? ☐ A little concerned?
Comments:
11. Do you have any concerns about your child's health or how they see, hear, eat or sleep?
Would you say you are: Not concerned? Concerned? A little concerned?
Comments:
12. Please list any other concerns.
Comments:

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12 months

Health assessment Approx 12 months

Child's	age	

To be completed by doctor or child health nurse. It is critical that ALL tests are performed at this appointment and referrals made where necessary.

Health Assessment		Within Nor Yes	rmal Limits No	Review	Refer	Comments
Weight	kg	les	NO			
Length	cm					
Head circumference	cm					
Head symmetry						
Hips						
Genitalia						
Skin check						
Mouth/teeth/palate/frenulu	m					
Communication						
Ear and hearing health		R L	R L			
Aboriginal and Torres	Otoscopy	R L	R L			
Strait Islander ear check	Tympanometry	R L	R L			
Vision/eye examination (refe	er to P12)	R L	R L			
Other						
Other						
Child's vaccinations up to da		No If no, comm				
Rural & Remote practitioners please refer to Comments						
Name					Medical Prac	titioner Registered Nurse
Signature						Date/_/ 43

Health check

Approx 18 months

PEDS-R®: At this visit, your health care provider will discuss the PEDS-R® questionnaire with you to better understand your child. The questions on the following page ask you about any concerns you have about your child and the way they are growing or developing. It is important that you share these with your health professional. They can assist you to complete it if necessary – just ask them.

Suggested topics for discussion

As well as the information in the PEDS-R® questionnaire, your health care provider will discuss issues that impact on your baby's health, safety, growth and development. Some topics which are relevant at this age are:

- The importance of the PEDS-R® questionnaire
- Immunisation
- Injury prevention (inc. water/pool & home safety)
- Siblings
- Sun protection
- Language/speech development
- Talking, reading, singing and playing with your child

If you have any other tonics you would like to discuss, write them here.

- Healthy eating and drinking / fussy eating
- Healthy drinks
- Growth
- · Gross and fine motor development
- Parenting, child's behaviour

- Parents' health and wellbeing
- Parent-child relationships (bonding/attachment)
- Oral health, infant tooth decay and first dental assessment
- Recommendations for screen times for children e.g. TV, electronic devices
- Toilet training
- Toys and active play
- Ear infections and hearing loss
- · Vision and eve health
- · Continuing breastfeeding
- Smoking (incl passive smoking), vaping, alcohol, drug use
- Family relationships

, 0	a have any other topies you would like to alseass, w	THE CHEIN HE	
•		•	
•		•	



Parents' Evaluation of Developmental Status Revised® (PEDS-R®) Response Form

Child's name:	Carer's name:		
Child's birthday: / Child's age:	Weeks premature? Toda	ay's date /	1
1. Please list any concerns about your child's learning Comments:	g, development and behaviour.		
2. Do you have any concerns about how your child ta	lks and makes speech sounds?		
V	Vould you say you are: Not concerned?	Concerned?	A little concerned?
Comments:			
3. Do you have any concerns about how your child ur	nderstands what you say?		
V	Vould you say you are: Not concerned?	Concerned?	A little concerned?
Comments:			
4. Do you have any concerns about how your child us	ses their hands and fingers to do things?		
V	Vould you say you are: Not concerned?	Concerned?	A little concerned?
Comments:			
5. Do you have any concerns about how your child us	ses their arms and legs?		
V	Vould you say you are: Not concerned?	Concerned?	A little concerned?
Comments:			
6. Do you have any concerns about how your child be	ehaves?		
v	Vould you say you are: Not concerned?	Concerned?	A little concerned?
Comments:			
7. Do you have any concerns about how your child ge	ets along with others?		
V	Vould you say you are: Not concerned?	Concerned?	A little concerned?
Comments:			

PEDS-R® response form continued over the page.

Parents' Evaluation of Developmental Status Revised® (PEDS-R®) Response Form (continued)

8. Do you have any concerns about how your child is learning to do things for themselves? Would you say you are: Not concerned? Concerned? A little concerned?
0. De van hans ann an
9. Do you have any concerns about how your child is learning preschool or school skills?
Would you say you are: Not concerned? Concerned? A little concerned?
Comments:
10. Do you have any concerns that your child is behind others or can't do what other children can?
Would you say you are: ☐ Not concerned? ☐ Concerned? ☐ A little concerned?
Comments:
11. Do you have any concerns about your child's health or how they see, hear, eat or sleep?
Would you say you are: Not concerned? Concerned? A little concerned?
Comments:
12. Please list any other concerns.
Comments:

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8 months

Health assessment Approx 18 months

Child's age	

To be completed by doctor or child health nurse.

Health Assessment		Within Nor Yes	mal Limits No	Review	Refer	Comments
Weight _	kg					
Length _	cm					
Head circumference _	cm					
Genitalia						
Skin check						
Mouth/teeth/palate/frenulu	m					
Communication						
Ear and hearing health		R L	R L			
Aboriginal and Torres	Otoscopy	R L	R L			
Strait Islander ear check	Tympanometry	R L	R L			
Vision/eye examination (refe	er to P12)	R L	R L			
Gait						
Development						
Other						
Child's vaccinations up to da	te: Yes	No If no, comm	ents:			
Rural & Remote practitioners please refer to Comments						
Name					Medical Prac	titioner Registered Nurse
Signature						Date/ /
Vour child's 10 month v	accinations and	l firet dontal a	ccoccmont ic	alco duo coo	n	

Your child's 18 month vaccinations and first dental assessment is also due soon.

Speak to your vaccination provider and to your dental professional.

Health check Approx $2\frac{1}{2} - 3\frac{1}{2}$ years

PEDS-R®: At this visit, your health care provider will discuss the PEDS-R® questionnaire with you to better understand your child. The questions on the following page ask you about any concerns you have about your child and the way they are growing or developing. It is important that you share these with your health professional. They can assist you to complete it if necessary – just ask them.

Suggested topics for discussion

As well as the information in the PEDS-R® questionnaire, your health care provider will discuss issues that impact on your baby's health, safety, growth and development. Some topics which are relevant at this age are:

- The importance of the PEDS-R® questionnaire
- Immunisation
- Sleeping
- Healthy eating and drinking/fussy eating
- Growth and healthy weight
- Eating while in care
- Injury prevention (inc. water/pool & home safety)
- Ear infections and hearing loss
- Vision and eye health
- Sun protection
- Language/speech development
- Physical activity

- Gross and fine motor development
- · Oral health
- Talking, reading, singing & playing with your child
- · Parenting, child's behaviour
- Parents' health and wellbeing
- Parent-child relationships (bonding/attachment)
- Managing screen time and electronic devices
- Toilet training
- Siblings
- Smoking (incl passive smoking), vaping, alcohol, drug use
- Family relationships

If you have any other topics you would like to discus	s, write them here:	
	•	
•	•	

Parents' Evaluation of Developmental Status Revised® (PEDS-R®) Response Form

Child's name:	Carer's name:		
Child's birthday: / Child's age:	Weeks premature? Tod	ay's date /	./
1. Please list any concerns about your child's learn Comments:	ing, development and behaviour.		
2. Do you have any concerns about how your child	talks and makes speech sounds?		
	Would you say you are: Not concerned?	Concerned?	A little concerned?
Comments:			
3. Do you have any concerns about how your child	understands what you say?		
	Would you say you are: Not concerned?	Concerned?	A little concerned?
Comments:			
4. Do you have any concerns about how your child	uses their hands and fingers to do things?		
	Would you say you are: Not concerned?	Concerned?	A little concerned?
Comments:			
5. Do you have any concerns about how your child	uses their arms and legs?		
	Would you say you are: Not concerned?	Concerned?	A little concerned?
Comments:			
6. Do you have any concerns about how your child	behaves?		
	Would you say you are: Not concerned?	Concerned?	A little concerned?
Comments:			
7. Do you have any concerns about how your child	gets along with others?		
	Would you say you are: Not concerned?	Concerned?	A little concerned?
Comments:			
_			

PEDS-R® response form continued over the page.

Parents' Evaluation of Developmental Status Revised® (PEDS-R®) Response Form (continued)

8. Do you have any concerns about how your child is learning to do things for themselves? Would you say you are: Not concerned? Concerned? A little concerned?
0. De van hans ann an
9. Do you have any concerns about how your child is learning preschool or school skills?
Would you say you are: Not concerned? Concerned? A little concerned?
Comments:
10. Do you have any concerns that your child is behind others or can't do what other children can?
Would you say you are: ☐ Not concerned? ☐ Concerned? ☐ A little concerned?
Comments:
11. Do you have any concerns about your child's health or how they see, hear, eat or sleep?
Would you say you are: Not concerned? Concerned? A little concerned?
Comments:
12. Please list any other concerns.
Comments:

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Health assessment Approx 2 ½ -3 ½ years

Date __

Child's age

To be completed by doctor or child health nurse.

Health Assessment		Within Normal Limits		Review	Refer	Comments
		Yes No Review		Review	Kelei	Comments
Weight	kg					
Height	cm					
BMI Percentile						
Vision/eye examination (refe	er to P12)					
Corneal light reflex		R L	R L			
Vision – near cover test		R L	R L			
Ear and hearing health		R L	R L			
Oral health Child has had first oral health assessment						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander ear check	Otoscopy	R L	R L			
	Tympanometry	R L	R L			
Understanding and communication						
Speech						
Gait						
Cardiovascular						
Development						
Genitalia						
Skin check						
Other						
Rural & Remote practitioners please refer to Comments	the Primary Clinical Care Ma		checks			
Name			Medic	al Practitioner	Re	egistered Nurse
Signature						51

Health check

Approx 4-5 years

PEDS-R®: At this visit, your health care provider will discuss the PEDS-R® questionnaire with you to better understand your child. The questions on the following page ask you about any concerns you have about your child and the way they are growing or developing. It is important that you share these with your health professional. They can assist you to complete it if necessary – just ask them.

Suggested topics for discussion

As well as the information in the PEDS-R® questionnaire, your health care provider will discuss issues that impact on your baby's health, safety, growth and development. Some topics which are relevant at this age are:

- The importance of the PEDS-R® questionnaire
- Immunisation
- Injury prevention (inc. water/pool & home safety)
- Growth
- Healthy weight
- BMI
- · Healthy eating and drinks
- Ear infections and hearing loss
- Vision and eye health Assessment is government funded in prep year

If you have any other tenies you would like to discuss, write them here.

- Oral health
- Testes check

- Parenting, child's behaviour
- · Parents' health and wellbeing
- Parent-child relationships (bonding/attachment)
- Talking, reading, singing & playing with your child
- · Gross and fine motor development
- Starting school
- Language/speech development
- Physical activity
- Managing screen time and electronic devices
- Sun protection
- Smoking (incl passive smoking), vaping, alcohol, drug use
- Family relationships

if you have any other topics you would like to discus	55, Write trieffi fiere:	
•	•	
•	•	
	_	



Parents' Evaluation of Developmental Status Revised® (PEDS-R®) Response Form

Child's name:	Carer's name:			
Child's birthday:/ Child's age:	Weeks premature? Toda	ay's date /	./	
1. Please list any concerns about your child's learning, comments:	levelopment and behaviour.			
2. Do you have any concerns about how your child talks	and makes speech sounds?			
Wou	ld you say you are: Not concerned?	Concerned?	A little concerned?	
Comments:				
3. Do you have any concerns about how your child unde	rstands what you say?			
Wou	ld you say you are: Not concerned?	Concerned?	A little concerned?	
Comments:				
4. Do you have any concerns about how your child uses	their hands and fingers to do things?			
Wou	ld you say you are: Not concerned?	☐ Concerned?	A little concerned?	
Comments:				
5. Do you have any concerns about how your child uses	their arms and legs?			
Wou	ld you say you are: Not concerned?	☐ Concerned?	A little concerned?	
Comments:				
6. Do you have any concerns about how your child beha	ves?			
	ld you say you are: Not concerned?	Concerned?	A little concerned?	
Comments:				
7. Do you have any concerns about how your child gets along with others?				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ld you say you are: Not concerned?	Concerned?	A little concerned?	
Comments:	,			
DEDC D®				

PEDS-R® response form continued over the page.

Parents' Evaluation of Developmental Status Revised® (PEDS-R®) Response Form (continued)

8. Do you have any concerns about how your child is learning to do things for themselves? Would you say you are: Not concerned? Concerned? A little concerned?
0. De van hans ann an
9. Do you have any concerns about how your child is learning preschool or school skills?
Would you say you are: Not concerned? Concerned? A little concerned?
Comments:
10. Do you have any concerns that your child is behind others or can't do what other children can?
Would you say you are: ☐ Not concerned? ☐ Concerned? ☐ A little concerned?
Comments:
11. Do you have any concerns about your child's health or how they see, hear, eat or sleep?
Would you say you are: Not concerned? Concerned? A little concerned?
Comments:
12. Please list any other concerns.
Comments:

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Health assessment Approx 4–5 years

To be completed by doctor or child health nurse.

Child's age	
-------------	--

Health Assessment	Within N Yes	Within Normal Limits Yes No		Refer	Comments
Weightkg	163	NO			
Heightcm					
BMI Percentile					
Development					
Vision / eye examination (Refer to P12)	R L	R L			
Vision acuity	R L	R L			
Vision – cover test near	R L	R L			
Vision – cover test far	R L	R L			
<u></u> Otoscopy	R L	RLL			
E Tympanometry	R L	R L			
Tympanometry Tympanometry Def Audiometry - right 2000 Hz Audiometry - right 1000 Hz Audiometry - left 4000 Hz Audiometry - left 2000 Hz Audiometry - left 1000 Hz Audiometry - left 1000 Hz	at 25dB at 25dB at 25dB at 25dB				
Oral health					
Speech					
Language					
Gait					
Child's vaccinations up to date:	es No If no, comm	nents:			
Rural & Remote practitioners please refer to the Primary Clin		al checks			
Name				Medical Prac	titioner Registered Nurse
Signature					Date/ /
Your child's 4 year vaccinations	are due soon. Ensu	re your child h	as had an ar	nual dental a	issessment. 55

Speak to your vaccination provider and to your dental professional.

Health checks - additional notes

This page is for health professionals to record further notes from the health assessments, if required.

Date Age Notes	



Children's growth charts

The following growth charts are indicative of growth for well, full-term children. You and your health professional can use them to record your child's growth. If you are concerned about your child's growth, please discuss this with your health care professional.

Using the growth charts

- Measure your child regularly and record measurements on the growth charts.
- The pattern of growth is more important than a single figure.
- It is important that the pattern of your child's growth follows the shape of the line on the graph.
- If there is any significant change in the growth pattern talk to your health professional.
- Use the same scales whenever possible. Try to make sure they are accurate.
- These growth charts can be used for both breastfed and bottle-fed babies.
- 0 to 24 month length charts measure a child lying down. Growth charts for height for 2 to 20 years measure a child standing up.
- Body mass index (BMI) is calculated by dividing weight (in kilograms) by height (in metres²). Use of BMI measures for children are different to those for adults. Talk to your health care professional if your child is over the 85th percentile on the BMI charts.
- Children with some medical conditions require specialised growth charts, please check with your health professional.

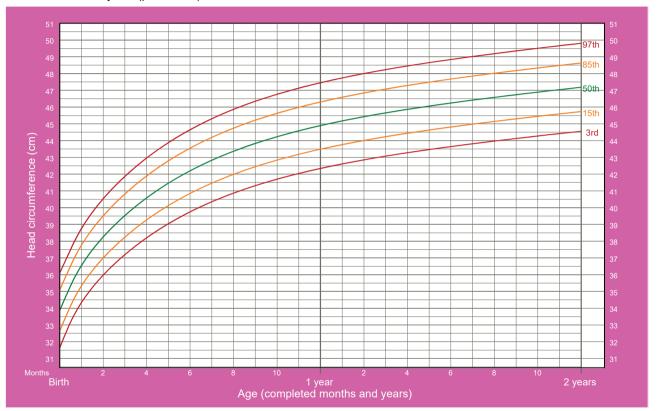
SOURCE:

0 to 2 years: Developed by World Health Organisation Child Growth Standards. Geneva: World Health Organisation; 2006 2 to 20 years: Developed by the National Center for Health Statistics in collaboration with the National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion. Hyattsville, MD, USA: National Center for Health Statistics; 2000.

Head circumference-for-age GIRLS

World Health Organization

Birth to 2 years (percentiles)



Length-for-age GIRLS

Birth to 2 years (percentiles)





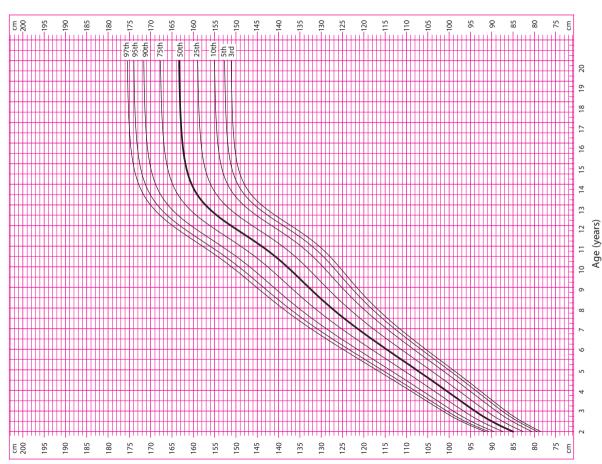
Weight-for-age GIRLS

Birth to 2 years (percentiles)

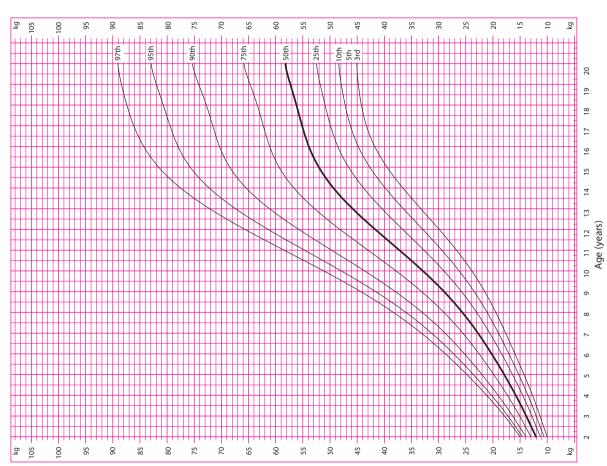




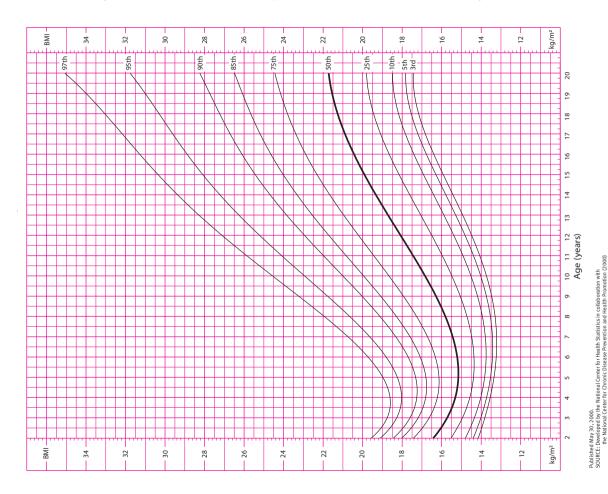
Height-for-age percentiles: Girls, 2 to 20 years



Weight-for-age percentiles: Girls, 2 to 20 years



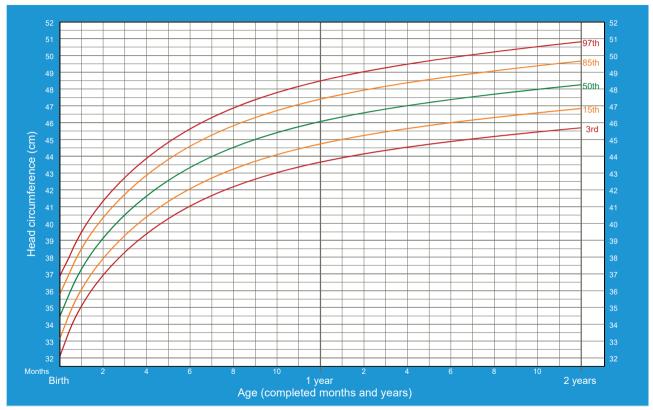
Body mass index-for-age percentiles: Girls, 2 to 20 years



Head circumference-for-age BOYS

World Health Organization

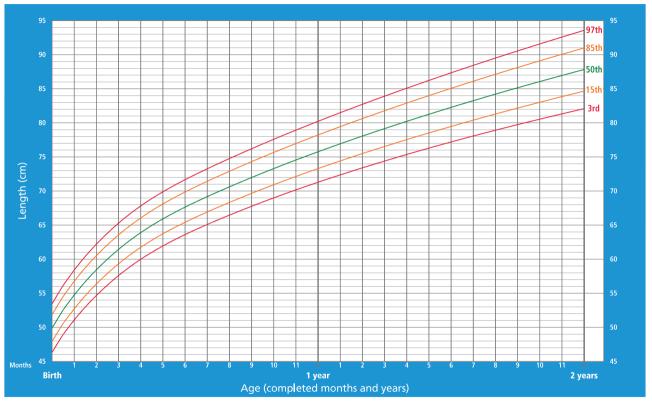
Birth to 2 years (percentiles)



Length-for-age BOYS

Birth to 2 years (percentiles)

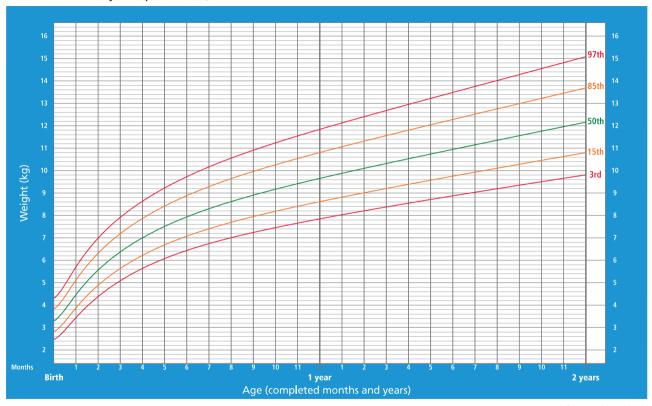




Weight-for-age BOYS

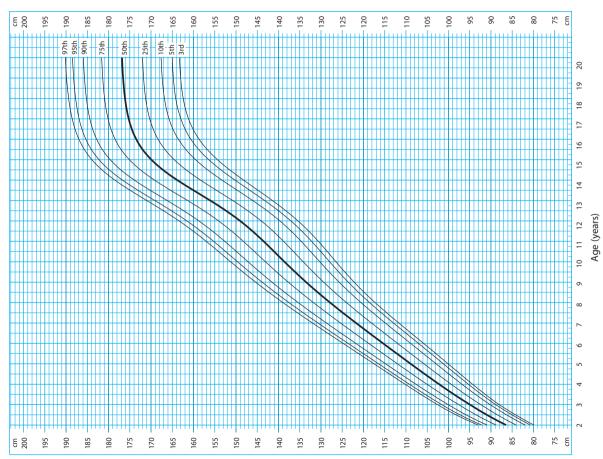
Birth to 2 years (percentiles)



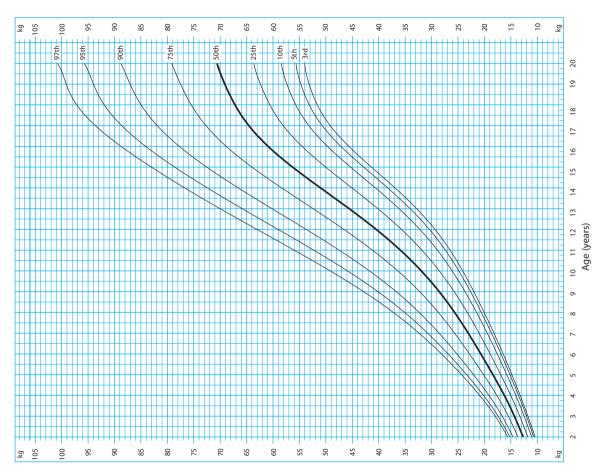


WHO Child Growth Standards

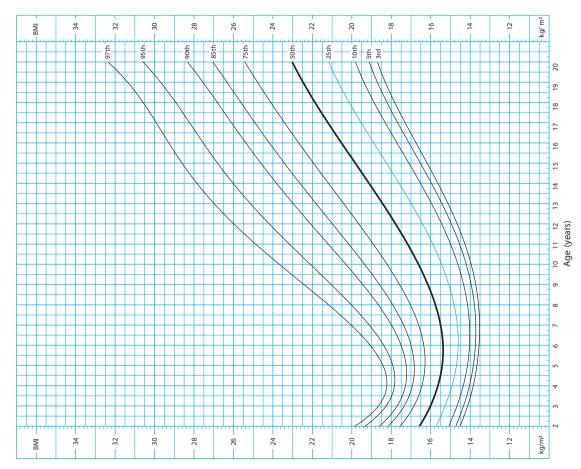
Height-for-age percentiles: Boys, 2 to 20 years



Weight-for-age percentiles: Boys, 2 to 20 years



Body mass index-for-age percentiles: Boys, 2 to 20 years



Notes/Appointments



Use this section for questions or concerns you may have about your child's health that you want to discuss with your health professional. You can also record any clinic visits you make apart from the suggested health checks listed in this book. Significant health events should be recorded on page 14.

Date	Age	Questions, notes and appointments



Date	Age	Questions, notes and appointments

Date	Age	Questions, notes and appointments

_		
Date	Age	Questions, notes and appointments

If you require more progress notes, please remove, photocopy and replace.

Immunisation

Please be aware that the National Immunisation Program Schedule is subject to change.

Go to

www.health.qld.gov.au/clinical-practice/guidelines-procedures/diseases-infection/immunisation/schedule or Scan QR code to download the Queensland Immunisation Schedule.



Queensland Paediatric Respiratory Syncytial Virus Prevention Program. Scan QR code for more information.



Always check with your doctor or immunisation provider to make sure your child is receiving the up to date schedule for your child.

You can find your child's immunisation history by linking to Medicare through myGov at www.my.gov.au.

Immunisation

Immunisation is a simple and effective way to protect your child against certain diseases.

Vaccines use your child's own immune system to make antibodies to fight against certain infections and protect them from the short and long term complications of those infections.

Immunisation is available from

your family doctor

or may be available

- at your local council
- or community health centre.

Please take this record with you when your child is immunised so the details can be recorded.

Most vaccinations need to be given several times to build and maintain long lasting protection – this is why it is important children complete the full recommended schedule at the recommended times. Although sometimes it is possible to "catchup" delayed vaccines, some immunisations like rotavirus, cannot be commenced after a certain age. Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander babies and children with medical risk factors may require additional vaccines.

Talk with your doctor or nurse if you need advice about catching up your child's vaccination schedule.

Before any vaccinations take place the doctor or nurse will talk with you about the vaccinations being given that day. Talk to your doctor or nurse about other vaccines which may be available for your child but are not funded under the National immunisation Program. Other vaccines such as Covid-19 are available and are very important to keep your child healthy and safe.

It is very important to read the pre-vaccination questionnaire on page 82 before your appointment.

For further information about immunisation, talk to your doctor or nurse. You can also visit the Queensland Health Immunisation website www.qld.gov.au/health/conditions/immunisation/index.html

About vaccines

Vaccines use a person's natural response to infection to stimulate the immune system so that if someone is exposed to that infection in the future, their immune system can 'remember it' and mount an effective response to either stop disease developing or reduce the severity of disease. Vaccines improve the effective response to that infection and have lower adverse effects than infection with that bacteria or virus. Vaccines strengthen your baby's immunity protecting them from diseases. This keeps them healthy at a time of their lives when they are vulnerable.

Immunisation also brings benefits to the population through herd immunity. If enough people in the community are immunised, the infection can no longer spread from person to person with lower rates of disease in the population and protects those who have not completed immunisation schedules.

Safety, research and testing are essential in vaccine development and manufacture, before they are made available clinical trials are required. Every vaccine given to Australian children must pass all phases of testing and be shown to be effective and safe before approval for use by the Therapeutic Goods Administration (TGA). Ongoing safety assessments occur once a vaccine is licenced for use.

Vaccines, like other medicines, can have side effects but the vaccines in current use in Australia provide benefits that greatly outweigh their risks. Most reactions after vaccinations are minor. ¹

Alternative therapies can't replace vaccines, they do not undergo scientific and safety testing and are not regulated for use.

Care after vaccination

Vaccines may produce some side effects, such as short term pain, redness, swelling or fever, most reactions are mild and resolve quickly. Your child might also be 'grizzly' or unsettled. You should give your child extra fluids to drink, not overdress babies if they are hot, and consider using paracetamol (following the directions on the bottle according to your child's age and weight) to help ease fever and soreness. It is usually not possible to predict who may have a mild reaction and who may have a rarer, serious reaction to a vaccine. Serious side effects to immunisation, such as febrile seizures, can happen but they occur less frequently than if you had the disease itself.

Some symptoms can coincide with vaccination and are not caused by the vaccine. If your child experiences an 'adverse event following immunisation' i.e. any unwanted reaction whether expected or unexpected, it should be reported to your doctor or vaccine provider as soon as possible following vaccination. This report will enable further follow up and ensure the ongoing safety of vaccines. ²

- 1. The Science of Immunisation, Questions and Answers. Australian Academy of Science. 2021.
- 2. Online Australian Immunisation Handbook, www.health.gov.au/resources/publications/the-australian-immunisation-handbook

Vaccinate on time

The timing of each dose of every vaccine is carefully chosen. It takes many years of careful research to work out the right time to give each vaccine. Independent experts consider which diseases Australian children are likely to be exposed to; how serious the diseases can be for children at different ages; which vaccines are safest and most effective; how many doses are needed to provide full protection; and the age at which the vaccines will give the best protection.

Delaying vaccination is not recommended. When vaccination is delayed or spaced out, children are unprotected for longer periods at an age when disease is most common or has more serious consequences. Skipping vaccinations puts your child at greater risk of contracting vaccine preventable diseases. It is important to vaccinate ontime for all vaccines.

Babies should be vaccinated at 2 months (can be given at 6 weeks), 4 months, 6 months, a booster at 18 months and 4 years of age.

For more information go to www.health.gov.au/topics/immunisation

Pre-vaccination questionnaire

This checklist helps decide about vaccinating you or your child today. Please discuss this information or any questions you have about vaccination with your doctor/nurse before the vaccines are given.

Please advise if the person to be vaccinated:

- is unwell today
- has a disease that lowers immunity (e.g. leukaemia, cancer, HIV/AIDS) or is having treatment that lowers immunity (e.g. oral steroid medicines such as cortisone and prednisone, radiotherapy, chemotherapy)
- is an infant of a mother who was receiving highly immunosuppressive therapy (e.g. biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (bDMARDs) during pregnancy)
- has had a severe reaction following any vaccine
- has any severe allergies (to anything)
- has had any vaccine in the past month
- has had an injection of immunoglobulin, or received any blood products or a whole blood transfusion within the past year
- has a past history of Guillain-Barré syndrome
- was a preterm infant
- has a chronic illness.
- · has a bleeding disorder
- identifies as an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander
- does not have a functioning spleen
- lives with someone who has a disease that lowers immunity (e.g. leukaemia, cancer, HIV/AIDS), or lives with someone who is having treatment that lowers immunity (e.g. oral steroid medicines such as cortisone and prednisone, radiotherapy, chemotherapy).

Additional vaccines may be recommended if the person to be vaccinated:

- identifies as an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander
- · was born preterm
- low birth weight <2000 gms
- is an oncology patient
- is suffering from an immunocompromised condition
- is a solid organ recipient or stem cell transplant recipient
- does not have a functioning spleen
- has an increased risk of complications from influenza infection
- lives with someone who has a disease which lower immunity or lives with someone who is having treatment which lowers immunity
- is planning overseas travel (see page 88).

If you have any questions about this information or vaccination, please ask the immunisation provider before the vaccine is given. It is important for you to receive a record of your or your child's vaccinations. Bring this Personal Health Record booklet with you every time your child is due for vaccination. Make sure your doctor/nurse records all vaccinations on the following pages. Your child's immunisation history is recorded on the Australian Immunisation Register (AIR), see page 86 for details.

Child's name_	Date of birth _
Vaccination record	Only to be completed by doctor/nurse giving vaccinations Date of birth _

Immunisation vaccination alway practice/guideline the m	Immunisation providers: the National Immunisation Program Queensland Schedule is subject to change. Before commencing vaccination always check you are administering vaccines according to the most current schedule at www.health.qld.gov.au/clinical practice/guidelines-procedures/diseases-infection/immunisation/schedule. All children should be offered vaccination according the most current Queensland schedule. Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander babies, premature babies and children with medical risk factors may require additional vaccines.	reensland Schedule is to the most current s schedule. All children Torres Strait Islander nay require additiona	s subject to checked at we chedule at we should be of babies, prembabies, prembaccines.	iange. Before commencing whealth, qld.gov.au/clinical fered vaccination according t ature babies and
Aboriginal Torres Strait Isl	Aboriginal Yes No AND/OR Medical risk factors	sk factors	Preter	Preterm/low birth weight
Age	ase	-	Date	
Birth	Hepatitis B (should be given to all infants as soon as practicable after birth. The greatest benefit is if given within 24 hours and must be given within 7 days).			
	(weight based dose) Tubercu losis (Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander)			
	Diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis (whooping cough)-pollo-Haemophilus influenza type b, hepatitis B			
2 months (can be given	Pneumococcal			
from 6 weeks) Date due://	**Rotavirus	***************************************		
	Meningococcal B			
	Diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis (whooping cough)-pollo-Haemophilus influenza type b, hepatitis B			
4 months	Pneumococcal			
Date due://	**Rotavirus			
	Meningococcal B			
	Diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis (whooping cough)-polio-Haemophilus influenza type b, hepatitis B			

Influenza vaccination is funded for ALL children from 6 months of age in 2024 $\,$

Pneumococcal (Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander)

Pneumococcal (Medical Risk factors)

Meningococcal B (Medical Risk factors)

Influenza

6 months

Date due:_

^{*}Infants who are not immunised in hospital can access this dose for a limited time, from their routine immunisation provider. For more information visit, www.health.qid.gov.au/clinical-practice/guidelines-procedures/diseases-infection/immunisation/paediatric-rsv-prevention-program
*** The first dose of rotavirus must be given by 14 weeks of age. The second dose must be given by 24 weeks and 6 days.

Vaccination record cont.

Only to be completed by doctor/nurse giving vaccinations Date of birth

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Organisation	Date	Batch No.	ase	Disease	Age
Preterm/low birth weight ☐ Yes ☐ No Gestation	Prete □ Yes [Medical risk factors ☐ Yes ☐ No	Medical □ Ye	Aboriginal ☐ Yes ☐ No AND/OR Torres Strait Islander ☐ Yes ☐ No	Aboriginal □ Torres Strait Is
Immunisation providers: the National Immunisation Program Queensland Schedule is subject to change. Before commencing vaccination always check you are administering vaccines according to the most current schedule at www.health.qld.gov.au/clinical-practice/guidelines-procedures/diseases-infection/immunisation/schedule. All children should be offered vaccination according to the most current Queensland schedule. Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander babies, premature babies and children with medical risk factors may require additional vaccines.	is subject to cl schedule at w schedule be of n should be of r babies, prem al vaccines.	National Immunisation Program Queensland Schedule is subject to administering vaccines according to the most current schedule at diseases-infection/immunisation/schedule. All children should be neensland schedule. Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander babies, prohildren with medical risk factors may require additional vaccines.	munisation Program ring vaccines accordification/immunisatio chedule. Aboriginal ath medical risk factor	ation providers: the National Immunisation Program Queensland Schedule is subject to change. Before con always check you are administering vaccines according to the most current schedule at www.health.qld.gov delines-procedures/diseases-infection/immunisation/schedule. All children should be offered vaccination the most current Queensland schedule. Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander babies, premature babies and children with medical risk factors may require additional vaccines.	Immunisation vaccination alwa practice/guidelin ther

Influenza vaccination is funded for ALL children from 6 months of age in 2024

	Date due://	4 years			Date due://	18 months			Į	12 months		
Pneumococcal (Medical Risk factors)	Pneumococcal (Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander)	Hepatitis A (Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander)	Diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis (whooping cough)-polio	Hepatitis A (Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander)	Haemophilus Influenza type b	Diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis (whooping cough)	Measles-mumps-rubella-varicella	***Hepatitis B (preterm/low birth weight)	Meningococcal B	Pneumococcal	Meningococcal ACWY	Measles-mumps-rubella

^{****} Preterm (32 weeks) and low birth weight (2000g) infants may require an additional hepatitis B vaccination at 12 months.

Vaccination record – continued

Only to be completed by doctor/nurse giving vaccinations

Child's name				
Date of birth	1	1		

Additional childhood vaccinations your child may receive such as influenza, COVID-19 and Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) immunisation

Vaccine	Batch No.	Date	Vaccine provider name and address

School Adolescent Vaccination

Year level	Disease	Batch No.	Date	Vaccine provider name and address
Year 7	Human Papillomavirus (HPV)			
students	Diphtheria, tetanus, and pertussis			
	Meningococcal ACWY			
Year 10 students	Meningococcal B (dose 1)			
	Meningococcal B (dose 2)			

Accessing your child's vaccination records

You can get your own or your child's immunisation history statement from the Australian

Immunisation Register (AIR). There are several ways to access a statement:

- 1. www.servicesaustralia.gov.au/medicare-online-account
 Set up myGov account link your Medicare account to view or download the immunisation history statement
- Download the Express Plus mobile app to access Medicare online www.servicesaustralia.gov.au/express-plus-mobile-apps
- 3. Call Australian Immunisation Register (AIR) 1800 653 809 (allow 14 days for a statement to be posted).

Immunisation history statements may be required when enrolling your child at an early childhood education and care service.

If you can't access your immunisation history statement, are unsure of what vaccinations you may have had when living in another country or prior to it being recorded on the AIR then please speak to your doctor or other health provider.

Adverse events following immunisation (AEFI)

Any adverse event considered serious or unexpected and occurring after administration of vaccine should be notified to Queensland Health by using the National Adverse Events Following Immunisation reporting form (AEFI). Please talk to a health care professional to complete this form. Consumers can also report and AEFI www.health.gld.gov.au/clinical-practice/guidelines-procedures/diseases-infection/immunisation/service-providers/adverse-event

Date of Adverse event	Vaccine	Side effect reported	Date reported to Department of Health	Reported by (Name and address of service)

Care after vaccination: Many children experience minor side effects following immunisation. Most side effects last a short time and the child recovers without any problems. Common side effects of immunisation are redness, soreness and swelling at the site of an injection, mild fever, and grizzly or unsettled behaviour. You should give your child extra fluids to drink, not overdress babies if they are hot, and consider using paracetamol (following the directions on the bottle according to your child's age and weight) to help ease the fever and soreness.

Parent/carer vaccination record (e.g. influenza vaccination, diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis, etc.)

Only to be completed by doctor/nurse giving vaccinations

Name	Antigen	Batch No.	Date	Organisation stamp or address

Travel vaccinations for your child

Before you travel overseas make sure your child is up to date with their National Immunisation program vaccinations.

Whether you are travelling overseas from Australia or returning from another country, immunisation plays an important role in protecting you against serious diseases that are common in some countries.

The health risks for international travel change constantly. Discuss your travel itinerary and immunisation requirements with your doctor or travel medical centre at least twelve weeks before you travel.

For further information go to www.healthdirect.gov.au/travel-vaccinations or

www.qld.gov.au/health/conditions/immunisation/overseas

What about homeopathic 'immunisation'?

There is no scientific basis to support the use of any homoeopathic preparation in preventing diseases targeted by conventional vaccines. In contrast, the effectiveness of conventional vaccines is well established through large-scale studies of their safety and efficacy.

There have been very few studies where homoeopathic preparations have been subjected to any scientific scrutiny. None of these studies have been on a preparation for use against a disease on the current national immunisation schedule.

Therefore, the efficacy of homoeopathic preparations against these diseases has not been established.

Many homoeopathic practitioners support conventional vaccination to protect against vaccine-preventable diseases.

The Australian Homoeopathic Association recommend conventional vaccination with standard vaccines.

Homoeopathic 'immunisation' is not recognised for family tax benefits or rebates linked to immunisation status and does not meet any childcare or school entry vaccination requirements in Australia.

For more information go to: www.healthdirect.gov.au/homeopathy

Reference: www.health.gov.au/resources/publications/questions-about-vaccination

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